DELEGATED DECISION OFFICER REPORT

AUTHORISATION	INITIALS	DATE
File completed and officer recommendation:	ML	21/01/2020
Planning Development Manager authorisation:	TF	29/01/2020
Admin checks / despatch completed	ĆĊ	2410112020
Technician Final Checks/ Scanned / LC Notified / UU Emails:	PP	29/1/2020

Application:

19/01880/COUNOT

Town / Parish: Great Bromley Parish Council

Applicant:

Inova

Address:

Newhouse Farm Hall Road Great Bromley

Development:

Proposed change of use of 5 former agricultural buildings to residential dwellings accessed via the existing former farm access drive to the rear of New

House Farm buildings.

1. Town / Parish Council

Gt Bromley Parish Council No comments received

2. Consultation Responses

ECC Highways Dept

Service Co.

The information that was submitted in association with the application has been fully considered by the Highway Authority together with the site history. The revised comments are based on the amended site layout plan: 1254/01B seeking to retain the existing vehicular access.

From a highway and transportation perspective the impact of the proposal is acceptable to the Highway Authority subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Areas within the curtilage of the site for the purpose of loading / unloading / reception and storage of building materials and manoeuvring of all vehicles, including construction traffic shall be provided clear of the highway.
- The proposed development shall not be occupied until such time as a domestic car parking for two vehicles with an associated turning area has been provided in accordance with the Parking Standards. The vehicle parking area and associated turning area shall be retained in this form at all times. The vehicle parking shall not be used for any purpose other than the parking of vehicles that are related to the use of the development unless otherwise agreed with the Local Planning Authority.
- Each vehicular parking space shall have minimum dimensions of 2.9 metres x 5.5 metres.
- Cycle parking shall be provided in accordance with the EPOA Parking Standards. The approved facility shall be secure, convenient, covered and provided prior to occupation and retained at all times. Reason: To ensure appropriate cycle parking is provided in the interest of highway safety and amenity in accordance with Policy DM8.

3. Planning History

01/00902/OUT

New farm bungalow to be used as dwelling, farm office and facilities

Refused

06.09.2001

19/01880/COUNO

Τ

Proposed change of use of 5 former agricultural buildings to residential dwellings accessed via the existing former farm access

drive to the rear of New House

Farm buildings.

Current

4. Relevant Policies / Government Guidance

n/a

Status of the Local Plan

The 'development plan' for Tendring is the 2007 'adopted' Local Plan. Paragraph 213 of the NPPF (2019) allows local planning authorities to give due weight to adopted albeit outdated policies according to their degree of consistency with the policies in the NPPF. Paragraph 48 of the NPPF also allows weight to be given to policies in emerging plans according to their stage of preparation, the extent to which there are unresolved objections to relevant policies and the degree of consistency with national policy. As of 16th June 2017, the emerging Local Plan for Tendring is the Tendring District Local Plan 2013-2033 and Beyond Publication Draft.

Section 1 of the Local Plan (which sets out the strategy for growth across North Essex including Tendring, Colchester and Braintree) was examined in January and May 2018 and the Inspector's initial findings were published in June 2018. They raise concerns, very specifically, about the three 'Garden Communities' proposed in north Essex along the A120 designed to deliver longer-term sustainable growth in the latter half of the plan period and beyond 2033. Further work is required to address the Inspector's concerns and the North Essex Authorities are considering how best to proceed.

With more work required to demonstrate the soundness of the Local Plan, its policies cannot yet carry the full weight of adopted policy, however they can carry some weight in the determination of planning applications. The examination of Section 2 of the Local Plan will progress once matters in relation to Section 1 have been resolved. Where emerging policies are particularly relevant to a planning application and can be given some weight in line with the principles set out in paragraph 48 of the NPPF, they will be considered and, where appropriate, referred to in decision notices. In general terms however, more weight will be given to policies in the NPPF and the adopted Local Plan.

In relation to housing supply:

The NPPF requires Councils to boost significantly the supply of housing to meet objectively assessed future housing needs in full. In any one year, Councils must be able to identify five years' worth of deliverable housing land against their projected housing requirements (plus an appropriate buffer to ensure choice and competition in the market for land, account for any fluctuations in the market or to improve the prospect of achieving the planned supply). If this is not possible, or housing delivery over the previous three years has been substantially below (less than 75%) the housing requirement, paragraph 11 d) of the NPPF requires applications for housing development needing to be assessed on their merits, whether sites are allocated for development

in the Local Plan or not. At the time of this decision, the supply of deliverable housing sites that the Council can demonstrate falls below 5 years and so the NPPF says that planning permission should be granted for development unless the adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the National Planning Policy Framework as a whole. Determining planning applications therefore entails weighing up the various material considerations. The housing land supply shortfall is relatively modest when calculated using the standard method prescribed by the NPPF. In addition, the actual need for housing was found to be much less than the figure produced by the standard method when tested at the recent Examination In Public of the Local plan. Therefore, the justification for reducing the weight attributed to Local Plan policies is reduced as is the weight to be given to the delivery of new housing to help with the deficit.

5. Officer Appraisal (including Site Description and Proposal)

Proposal

The notification proposes the creation of five dwellings, the maximum allowed under Class Q at Newhouse Farm, Hall Road, Gt Bromley.

Three of the dwellings are proposed to be 100 square metres or less, two of the buildings are proposed to create two dwellings where the combined floor space of those two dwellings does not exceed 465 square metres. The larger dwellings are proposed to be 217 square metres and 248 square meters.

In total the five dwellings create 765 square metres of floor space, within the 865 square metres allowed under Class Q and in the correct form in terms of maximum floor areas for the mix of dwellings.

The buildings the subject of this notification utilise an existing farm access.

Class Q - agricultural buildings to dwellinghouses

- Q. Development consisting of -
- (a) a change of use of a building and any land within its curtilage from a use as an agricultural building to a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order; or
- (b) development referred to in paragraph (a) together with building operations reasonably necessary to convert the building referred to in paragraph (a) to a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of that Schedule.
- Q.1 Development is not permitted by Class Q if -
- (a) the site was not used solely for an agricultural use as part of an established agricultural unit
- (i) on 20th March 2013, or
- (ii) in the case of a building which was in use before that date but was not in use on that date, when it was last in use, or
- (iii) in the case of a site which was brought into use after 20th March 2013, for a period of at least 10 years before the date development under Class Q begins;

The site was used solely for an agricultural use as part of an established agricultural unit on 20th March 2013. The proposal complies.

- (b) in the case of -
- (i) a larger dwellinghouse, within an established agricultural unit -
- (aa) the cumulative number of separate larger dwellinghouses developed under Class Q exceeds 3; or

(bb) the cumulative floor space of the existing building or buildings changing use to a larger dwellinghouse or dwellinghouses under Class Q exceeds 465 square metres;

Two of the units are over 100sqm in footprint and therefore classed as larger dwellinghouses, but the cumulative floor space of these units does not exceed 465sqm. The larger units measure 217 sqm and 248sqm in footprint, therefore below the threshold noted above.

- (c) in the case of -
- (i) a smaller dwellinghouse, within an established agricultural unit -
- (aa) the cumulative number of separate smaller dwellinghouses developed under Class Q exceeds 5: or
- (bb) the floor space of any one separate smaller dwellinghouse having a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order exceeds 100 square metres;

In the case of a smaller dwellinghouse, within an established agricultural unit the floor space of any one separate smaller dwellinghouse having a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order would not exceed 100 square metres. The proposal complies as none of the smaller dwellinghouses exceed 100 square in footprint.

- (d) the development under Class Q (together with any previous development under Class Q) within an established agricultural unit would result in either or both of the following -
- (i) a larger dwellinghouse or larger dwellinghouses having more than 465 square metres of floor space having a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order:
- (ii) the cumulative number of separate dwellinghouses having a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order exceeding 5;

The development under Class Q (together with any previous development under Class Q) within an established agricultural unit would not result in either or both a larger dwellinghouse or larger dwellinghouses having more than 465 square metres of floor space the cumulative number of separate dwellinghouses having a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order exceeding 5. The proposal complies.

(e) the site is occupied under an agricultural tenancy, unless the express consent of both the landlord and the tenant has been obtained;

The site is not occupied under an agricultural tenancy. The proposal complies.

- (f) less than 1 year before the date development begins -
- (i) an agricultural tenancy over the site has been terminated, and
- (ii) the termination was for the purpose of carrying out development under Class Q, unless both the landlord and the tenant have agreed in writing that the site is no longer required for agricultural use;

Less than 1 year before the date development begins an agricultural tenancy over the site has not been terminated. The proposal complies.

- (g) development under Class A(a) or Class B(a) of Part 6 of this Schedule (agricultural buildings and operations) has been carried out on the established agricultural unit -
- (i) since 20th March 2013; or

(ii) where development under Class Q begins after 20th March 2023, during the period which is 10 years before the date development under Class Q begins;

No development under Class A(a) or Class B(a) of Part 6 of this Schedule (agricultural buildings and operations) has been carried out on the established agricultural unit since 20th March 2013 or where development under Class Q begins after 20th March 2023, during the period which is 10 years before the date development under Class Q begins. The proposal complies.

(h) the development would result in the external dimensions of the building extending beyond the external dimensions of the existing building at any given point.

The development would not result in the external dimensions of the building extending beyond the external dimensions of the existing building at any given point. The proposal complies.

- (i) the development under Class Q(b) would consist of building operations other than -
- (i) the installation or replacement of -
- (aa) windows, doors, roofs, or exterior walls, or
- (bb) water, drainage, electricity, gas or other services,

to the extent reasonably necessary for the building to function as a dwellinghouse; and

(ii) partial demolition to the extent reasonably necessary to carry out building operations allowed by paragraph Q.1(i)(i);

the development under Class Q(b) would not consist of building operations other than the installation or replacement of windows, doors, roofs, or exterior walls or water, drainage, electricity, gas or other services to the extent reasonably necessary for the building to function as a dwellinghouse; and partial demolition to the extent reasonably necessary to carry out building operations allowed by paragraph Q.1(i)(i). The proposal complies.

(j) the site is on article 2(3) land;

The site is not on article 2(3) land. The proposal complies.

- (k) the site is, or forms part of -
- (i) a site of special scientific interest:
- (ii) a safety hazard area;
- (iii) a military explosives storage area;

The site is not nor forms part of a site of special scientific interest, a safety hazard area or a military explosives storage area. The proposal complies.

(I) the site is, or contains, a scheduled monument; or

The site is not nor contains, a scheduled monument. The proposal complies.

(m) the building is a listed building.

The buildings are not listed. The proposal complies.

Conditions

Q.2 - (1) Where the development proposed is development under Class Q(a) together with development under Class Q(b), development is permitted subject to the condition that before beginning the development, the developer must apply to the local planning authority for a determination as to whether the prior approval of the authority will be required as to -

- (a) transport and highways impacts of the development
- (b) noise impacts of the development
- (c) contamination risks on the site
- (d) flooding risks on the site
- whether the location or siting of the building makes it otherwise impractical or undesirable for the building to change from agricultural use to a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order, and
- (f) the design or external appearance of the building

and the provisions of paragraph W (prior approval) of this Part apply in relation to that application.

Transport and Highways Impacts of the Development

The 5 units would be accessed via an existing farm access onto Hall Road. ECC-Highways have reviewed the proposals and consider that the movements associated with 5 residential units against the current agricultural use of the buildings would not intensify the access use to such an extent to warrant an objection. ECC-Highways have requested conditions securing parking spaces prior to occupation and identified areas for storage of building materials/loading and unloading areas.

Noise Impacts of the Development

The proposal would not result in any material noise impacts. The proposal complies.

Contamination Risks on the Site

The site is not located near to any land designated as contaminated land. The proposal complies.

Flooding Risks on the Site

The site is located outside of an area of recognised flood risk. The proposal complies.

Whether the Location or Siting of the Building is Impractical or Undesirable for the Building to Change

Paragraph 109 of the National Planning Practice Guidance states:

"When considering whether it is appropriate for the change of use to take place in a particular location, a local planning authority should start from the premise that the permitted development right grants planning permission, subject to the prior approval requirements. That an agricultural building is in a location where the local planning authority would not normally grant planning permission for a new dwelling is not a sufficient reason for refusing prior approval.

There may, however, be circumstances where the impact cannot be mitigated. Therefore, when looking at location, local planning authorities may, for example, consider that because an agricultural building on the top of a hill with no road access, power source or other services its conversion is impractical. Additionally the location of the building whose use would change may be undesirable if it is adjacent to other uses such as intensive poultry farming buildings, silage storage or buildings with dangerous machines or chemicals.

When a local authority considers location and siting it should not therefore be applying tests from the National Planning Policy Framework except to the extent these are relevant to the subject matter of the prior approval. So, for example, factors such as whether the property is for a rural worker, or whether the design is of exceptional quality or innovative, are unlikely to be relevant."

On this basis, the Local Planning Authority does not consider that the location or siting of the buildings would make it impractical or undesirable for the proposed change of use. The proposal complies.

The Design or External Appearance of the Building

The design will see a conversion from the existing structure. However, the proposed changes involved are all minor works, with replacement and re-use of some materials and additional doors and windows. These would all be expected from such a proposal. Therefore the Local Planning Authority does not consider that the proposed development will have any significant impact on the design or external appearance of the building.

and the provisions of paragraph W (prior approval) of this Part apply in relation to that application.

(2) Where the development proposed is development under Class Q(a) only, development is permitted subject to the condition that before beginning the development, the developer must apply to the local planning authority for a determination as to whether the prior approval of the authority will be required as to the items referred to in sub-paragraphs (1)(a) to (e) and the provisions of paragraph W (prior approval) of this Part apply in relation to that application.

The development proposed is not development under Class Q(a) only. The proposal complies.

(3) Development under Class Q is permitted subject to the condition that development under Class Q(a), and under Class Q(b), if any, must be completed within a period of 3 years starting with the prior approval date.

Interpretation of Class Q

Q.3. For the purposes of Class Q -

'larger dwellinghouse' means a dwellinghouse developed under Class Q which has a floor space of more than 100 square metres and no more than 465 square metres having a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order;

'smaller dwellinghouse' means a dwellinghouse developed under Class Q which has a floor space of no more than 100 square metres having a use falling within Class C3 (dwellinghouses) of the Schedule to the Use Classes Order.

Other Considerations

1 letter of observation has been received from a local resident concerning the materials to be used on the exterior of the building, drainage issues and the other buildings on the site.

In response to these points a condition will be applied to secure details of the materials prior to commencement of work. The site is not in an area identified with critical drainage problems and the other buildings on the site are being considered for conversion but will form part of a future planning application.

6. Recommendation

Approval

7. Conditions

- The proposal constitutes permitted development as defined in Schedule 2, Part 3, Class Q of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended) and may therefore be carried out providing that it is wholly in accordance with the legislation.
- No development shall be commenced until precise details of the manufacturer and types and colours of the external facing and roofing materials to be used in construction have been submitted to and agreed, in writing, by the Local Planning Authority. Such materials as may be agreed shall be those used in the development.

- Reason To ensure the exterior materials are sympathetic to the rural character and appearance of the area.
- The proposed development shall not be occupied until such time as a domestic car parking for two vehicles with an associated turning area has been provided in accordance with the Parking Standards. The vehicle parking areas and associated turning area shall be retained in this form at all times. The vehicle parking shall not be used for any purpose other than the parking of vehicles that are related to the use of the development unless otherwise agreed with the Local Planning Authority.

Reason - To ensure that on street parking of vehicles in the adjoining streets/roads does not occur and that appropriate parking is provided.

8. Informatives

Are there any letters to be sent to applicant / agent with the decision? If so please specify:	YES	NO
Are there any third parties to be informed of the decision? If so, please specify:	YES	NO